Suicide Prevention: Self-Care for the Care Givers

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Landscape of Meaning

- Primary Stress Reactions
- Secondary Trauma
- Compassion Fatigue
- Vicarious Traumatization
- Burnout

Importance of Self-Care

Stress of high pressured treatment contexts

- Stress of working with suicidal people
- Complexity of working with people with co-occurring conditions

4 Steps to Well-Being

- 1. Tracking the Stressors
- 2. Enhancing Self-Care/ABCs
- 3. Building Resilience & Coping Skills
- 4. Making a Commitment to Self-Care

(Adapted from Mathieu, 2012)

Tracking the Stressors

Stress of Working with Suicidality	Typical Responses
1)	
2)	
3)	
4)	
5)	
6)	
7)	

The ABCs of Self-Care

Awareness

Balance

Connection

(Saakvitne and Pearlman, 1996)

Awareness

- Being in tune with one's needs, limits, emotions and internal/external resources
- Quiet time and space that supports selfreflection
- Mindfulness: Non-judgmental Awareness

Balance

- Diversity of activities at work
- Work and play
- Activity and rest
- Focus on self & focus on others
- Provides stability
- Provides grounding during high stress

Connection

- Connection to oneself, to others, and to something greater decreases isolation and increases hope.
- Connection provides an anchor that supports us to be able to witness tremendous suffering.

What is Mindfulness?

- Non-judgmental awareness
- Alert yet relaxed consciousness
- Compassionate witnessing of experience
- Curiosity

Mindfulness Enhances

- Witness stance
- Acceptance and tolerance of strong feelings
- Compassion for self and others
- Resilience (ability to rebound from adversity)
- Relaxation
- Peace of mind

Self-Care Activities

- talk with colleagues
- attend workshops
- social activities
- exercise
- limit client sessions/balance caseloads
- take vacations/take breaks
- listen to music/walk in nature
- seek emotional support

A Holistic Self-Care Plan

Personal

- ▶ 1) physical
- 2) psychological
- ▶ 3) emotional
- 4) spiritual

Professional

- 1) physical
- 2) psychological
- ▶ 3) emotional
- ▶ 4) spiritual

Physical Self-Care

What are non-chemical things that help my body relax?

What supports my body to be healthy?

Psychological Self-Care I

- What helps my mind relax?
- What helps me see a bigger perspective?
- What helps me break down big tasks into smaller steps?
- What helps me counteract negative self-talk?

Emotional Self-Care I

- What helps me feel grounded and able to tolerate strong feelings?
- What helps me express my feelings in a healthy way?
- Who helps me cope in positive ways and how do they help?

Emotional Self-Care II

- Who are at least three people I feel safe talking with about my reactions/feelings about clients?
- How can I connect with those people on a regular basis?
- What helps me feel connected to others?

Spiritual Self-Care

- What helps me find meaning in life?
- What helps me feel hopeful?
- What sustains me during difficult times?
- What connects me to something greater?

Making a Commitment to Self-Care

Make a formal, tangible commitment: Written, public, specific, and measureable promises of self-care

Green Cross
 Standards of Self-Care

Self-Care is an Ethical Imperative

There must be a recognition that the duty to perform as a helper can not be fulfilled if there is not, at the same time, a duty to self care.

Green Cross
 Standards of Self-Care

Final Thoughts

- Self-care is not a selfish action
- It is an action of self-acceptance and self-compassion
- It is an ethical imperative
- It is an acknowledgement of our humanity
- It allows us to continue the important work we are doing in the world

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